In-Furnace Thermal Imaging for Process Optimisation for Energy Reduction and Asset Protection.



AIGMF 2023 - MUMBAI



Philippe Kerbois Global Industry Manager - Glass



















SHORT INTRODUCTION

Philippe Kerbois

Global Industry Manager - Glass

- Philippe has extensive sales and project management experience from working in the steel, glass and automotive industries including Rockwell Automation and ABB where he was specifically involved in major robotbased factory automation projects.
- Having worked at AMETEK Land since 2012, Philippe initially managed the sales of infrared temperature measurement solutions into line builders and glass and steel furnace OEMs within France, however now he works very closely with the global glass market and is actively promoting the award-winning Near Infrared Borescope (NIR-B) Glass thermal imaging solution for glass furnaces.
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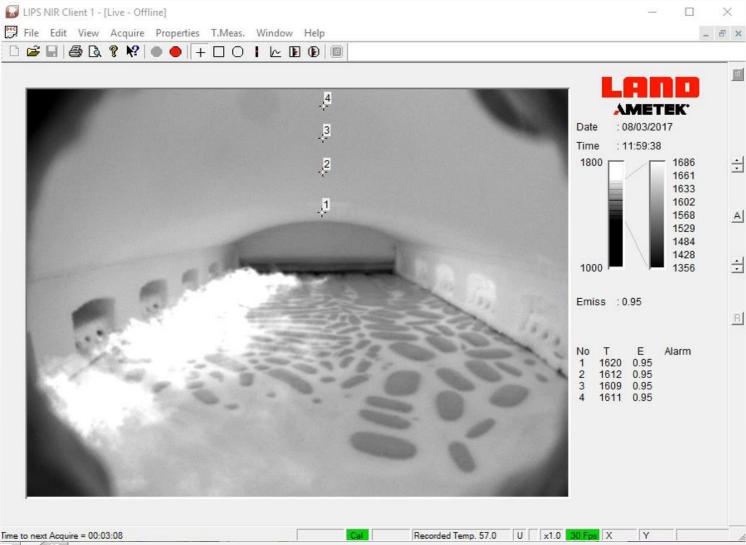








NIRB Images in Glass Furnace







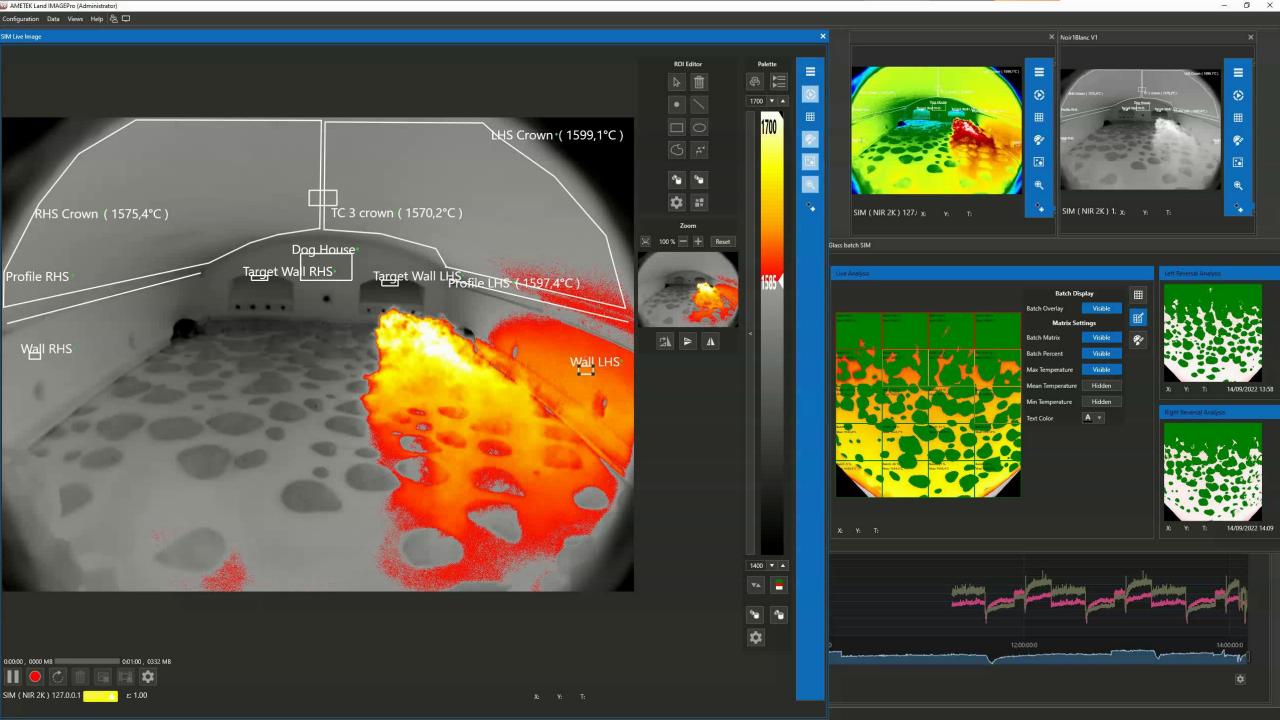


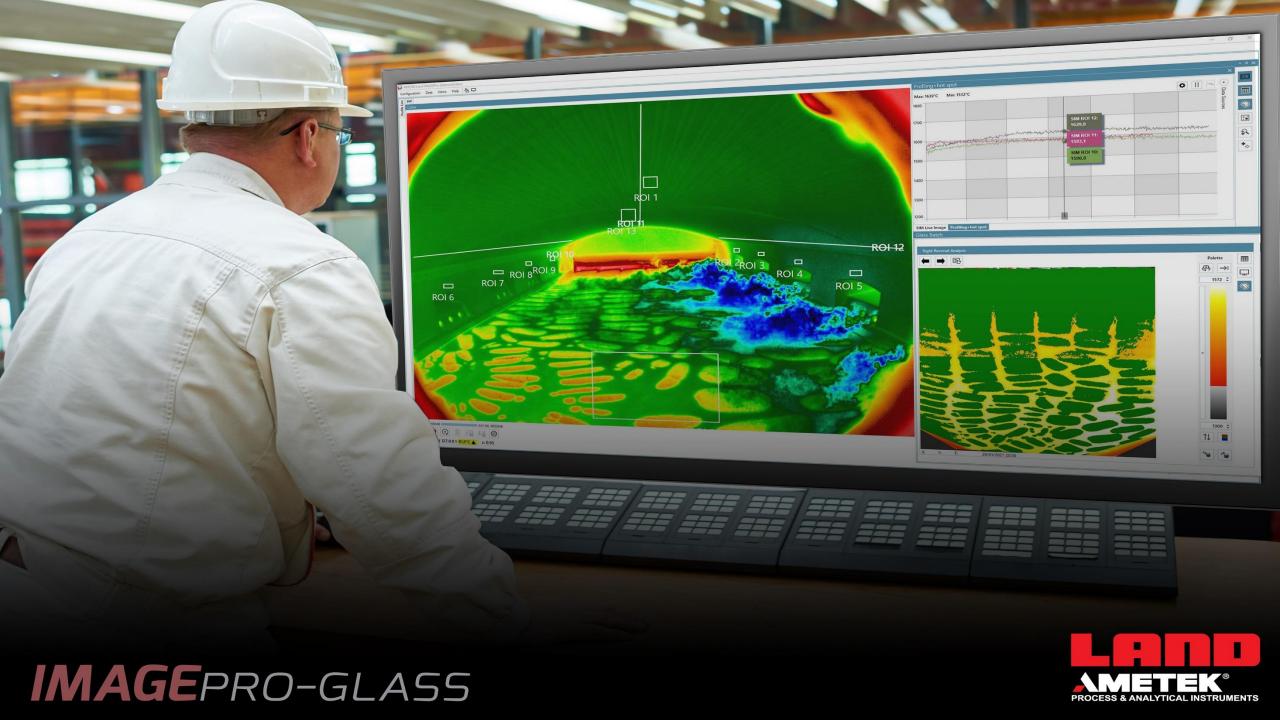




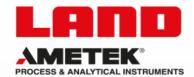












LAND PORTFOLIO IN GLASS APPLICATIONS

Complete temperature offering

- Leverage demand for the NIRB borescope to promote a wider portfolio packages including:
 - The Fiber Optics "Legend FG"
 - Lancom 4 Gas analyser
 - FLTs and LSPHDs for thin bath and Lehrs
- As installation becomes more critical

 possible to integrate and provide
 AMEcare Advanced Services into the offering
- Thermal Surveys with NIRB 2K demonstrating benefits of NIRB
- More than 150 NIRBs implemented Worldwide in major producers in the Glass industry









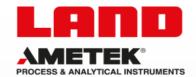






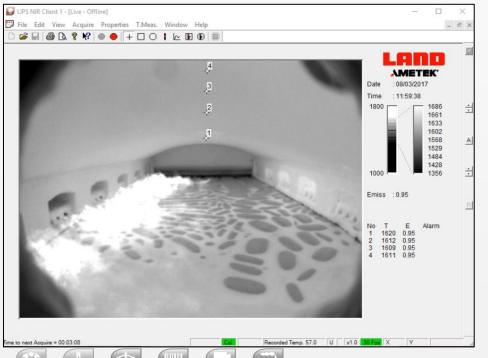






Previous DGG/HVG Conference Papers:

- **2016** Infrared temperature Measurement in Glass Melt Tanks
- 2017 Controlling a Glass Furnace Using Thermal Imager
- 2018 Infrared Temperature Measurement in Glass Melt Tank to optimize furnace operation & Nox
- 2019 Criticality of Accuracy and Traceability of Temperature Calibration
- 2022 Specific Energy Reduction through infra red furnace monitoring and optimisation



Equipment bundle Used:

NIR-B-2K-GLASS - Near Infrared Borescope Glass Solution

- **■**3,000,000 pixels each measuring temperature **=** 3M Cyclops
- **■**(Output of 100 x continuous measurement points via TCP/IP)
- ■Max, min and average temperatures with user defined emissivity.
- Patent Pending

Cyclops C100L

- Portable Infrared Thermometer
- Industry Standard
- Verify spot temperatures
- **550 to 3000° C**
- 1022 to 5432° F

Lancom 4 - Portable Gas Analyser

- 9 Gas Analyser for NOx
- CO low CO high O2
- NO NO2 NOx
- CO2 H2S SO2 CxHy





















The survey kit comprises of the following equipment

Full survey kit in Storm case



NIR-B 2k camera, 2ft probe, range 1000-1800C.





2ft Water Cooled Jacket



25m Power and Ethernet cables.





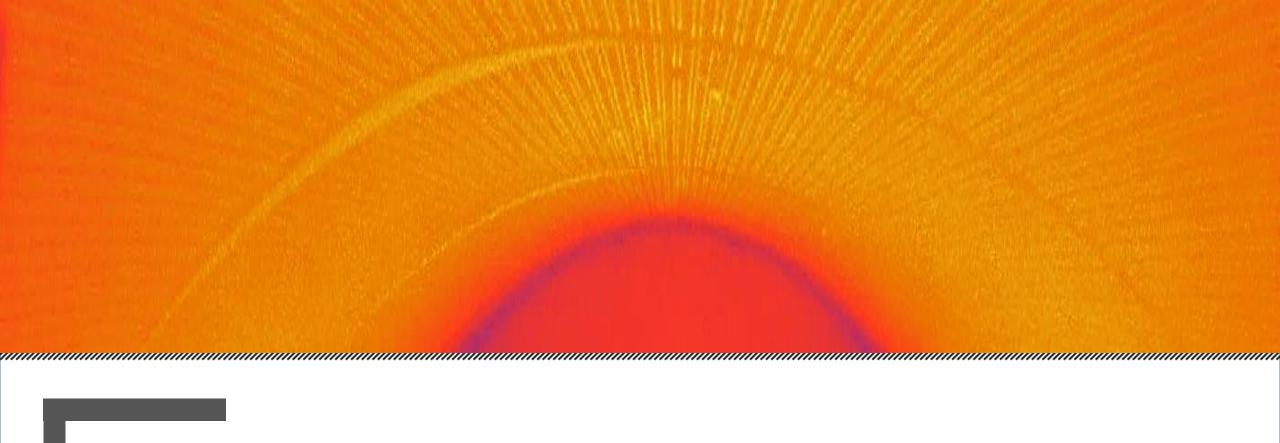












THE BENEFITS IN FURNACE OPERATIONS "NOT JUST A PRETTY IMAGE"









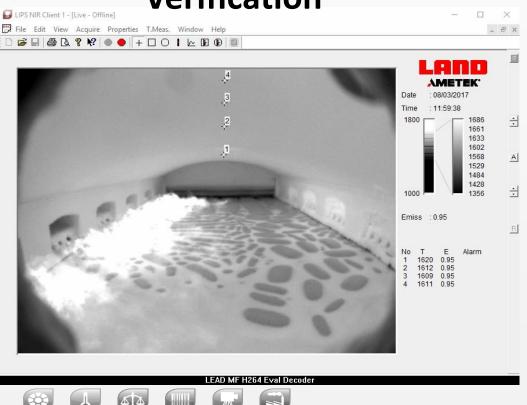




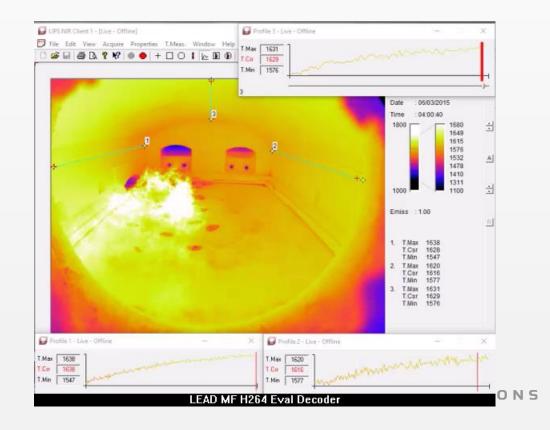


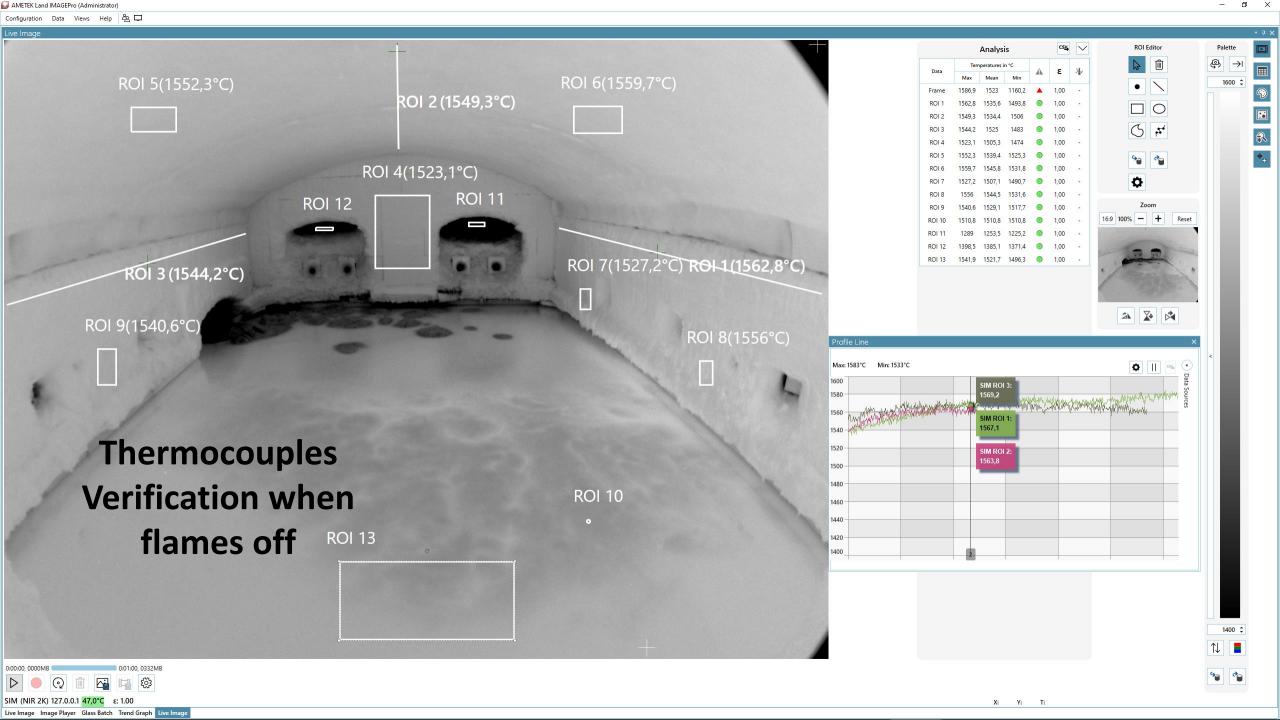
Remember the four Pillars of Benefits with Thermal Imaging NIR-B! This is not only a pretty image!

Thermocouple Verification



Optical-Thermal profiles with hot spots





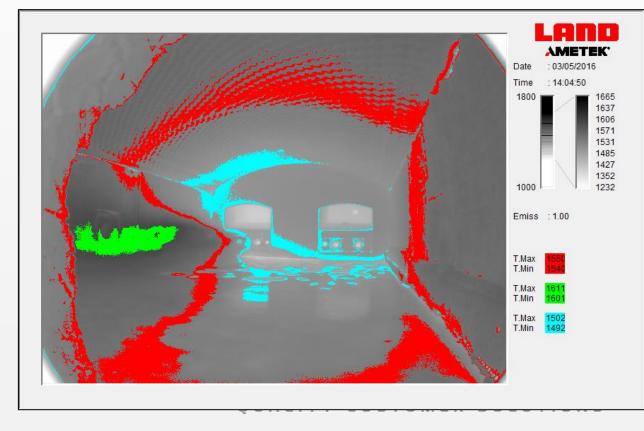


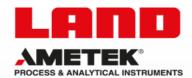
Remember the four Pillars of Benefits of NIR-B

BW Palette for Air ingress and Batch pattern

LEAD MF H264 Eval Decoder

Isotherms with 3 bands for hot and cold spot locations





FLAME SHAPE AND INTENSITY - MONO / RAINBOW / INTEGRATOR



- Highlights flame shape and areas of high intensity for combustion and emissions optimisation.
- Continuous real time Temperature data.
- Areas used to monitor Highest or Average or Lowest Temperature.
- Crown, Regenerator and Side Wall temperature monitoring.













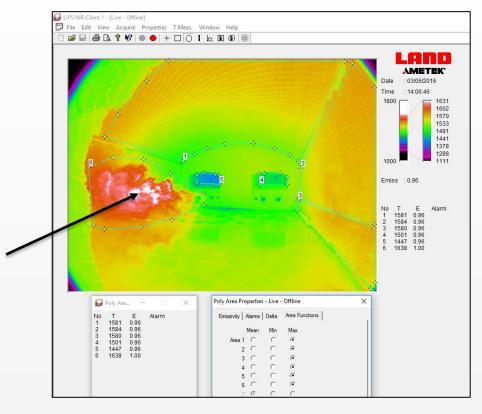


Nitrogen Oxide NOx formation

There are typically 4 modes of NOx formation:

- Fuel NOx from Nitrogen elements in fuel
- Prompt NOx relatively low temperature reaction
- Feed NOx from raw ingredients such as Niter in the past
- Thermal NOx at temperatures in excess of 1600°C

The upper limit of the NIR B is 1800°C areas above the upper limit are shown in white colour, by adjusting the range limits to increase contrast it is possible to determine what parts of the flame are the hottest and thereby assess generation of thermal NOx.



In glass manufacture as a result of modern batch materials typically the greatest source of NOx is believed to be thermal according is by Thermal NOx. At temperatures in excess of 1600°C (2900°F) the Oxygen molecules in air start to dissociate into elemental atoms. The higher the process or flame temperature, the higher the dissociation and therefore the greater formation of NOx. In the hottest zone of the flame a super equilibrium level of Oxygen atoms exists.















IMAGEPro GLASS



BATCH COVERAGE AND CROWN TEMPERATURES WITH NIR-B 2K GLASS AND IPV2 CONTAINER GLASS FURNACES















Image Pro- Gateway to Infrared Control

- Connection with all Land Instrument solutions including LWIR
- Digital and analogue Inputs/outputs
- TCPIP, OPC UA server, Modbus server and SDK
- Modbus server for data exchange with DCS (100 zones of interest possible to be monitored)+RTMP for video streaming
- Built-in Communication for Celsian rMPC (EU Reference)
- Built-in Communication for GS ESIII (EU Reference)
- Any DCS communication for SCADA data analysis (Zenon Platform) with existing Drivers (TCPIP Modbus or OPC)











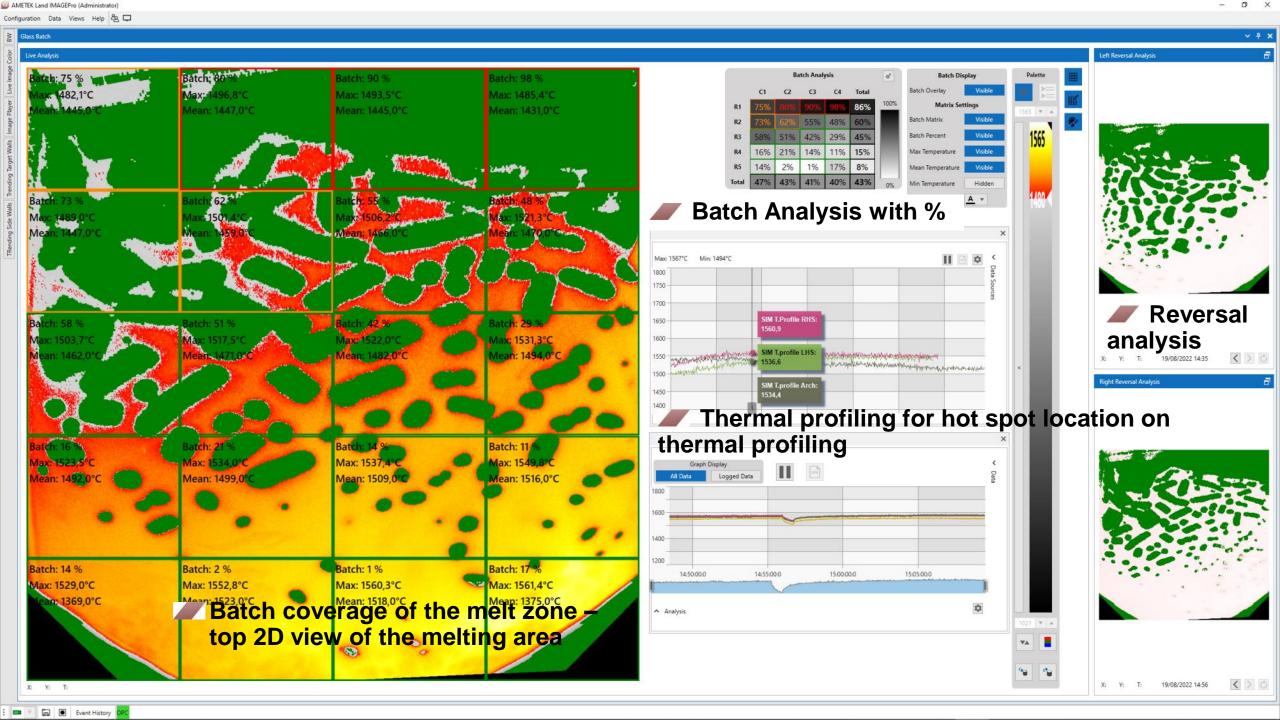


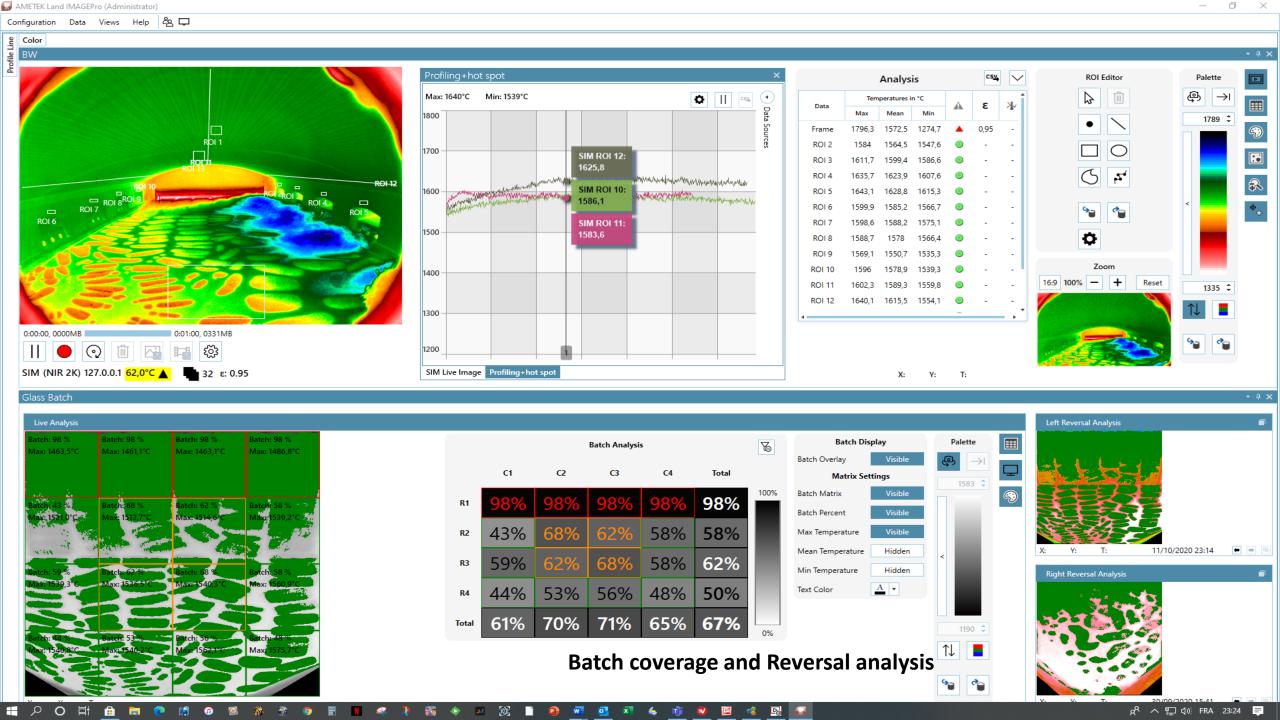




Batch Coverage and Crown Temperatures

- ✓ Variation in Batch coverage has a direct impact on furnace temperatures. The temperature clearly drops when the batch moves to the front of the furnace. These ROIs can be used to set some alarms to the Furnace DCS and get a better efficient control of the batch coverage by adjustment of the batch charging direction:
 - Setting to have top 2D view of the melter with the Image Pro furnace configuration feature.
 - Setting of a ROI in front of the Throat.
 - Configuration of a Batch ROI in the coverage melting grid near the throat (ROIs in C4R2 for example).
 - Batch length can be adjusted.
- The Batch coverage in this critical ROI near the throat could be monitored to:
 - Avoid large amount (below 15%) of batch in this area even for large pull rates.
 - Prevent Glass Defects.



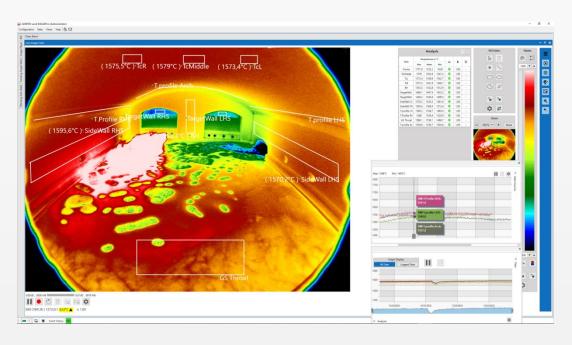






ImagePro Glass 2

- More Stable interface with possible multiple displays, Interface External Flame Detection
- Essentially the same as IPV1 Glass based on more reliable, quick and efficient IPV2 engine
- Batch analyser based on trapezoid geometry with flame detection









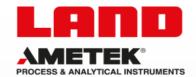






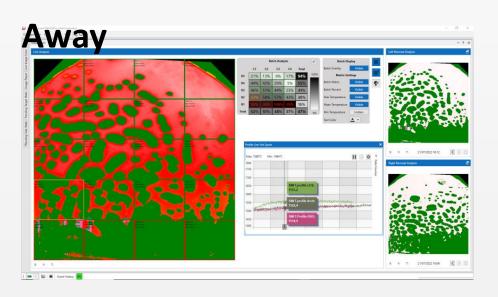


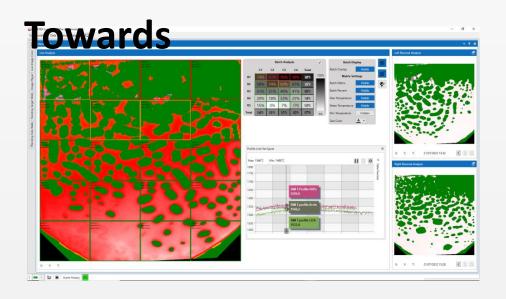




ImagePro2 Glass – new features

- Flow Direction for multi locations
 - Glass flow direction can be configured in furnace settings
 - **Towards**: Glass flow towards camera (existing)
 - **Away:** Glass flow away from camera
- If flow direction away from camera is selected then Batch display will be flipped



















ImagePro2 Glass – new features

- External Flame Detection
 - There are now 2 types of flame detection (select in furnace settings)
 - Automatic
 - **//**I/O
- Left and Right flame's status can be controlled from IO by data pairing the following tags:
 - IsLeftFlameActive
 - IsRightFlameActive







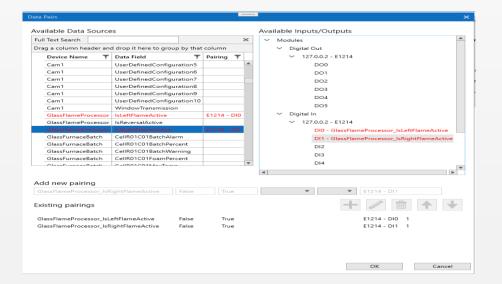






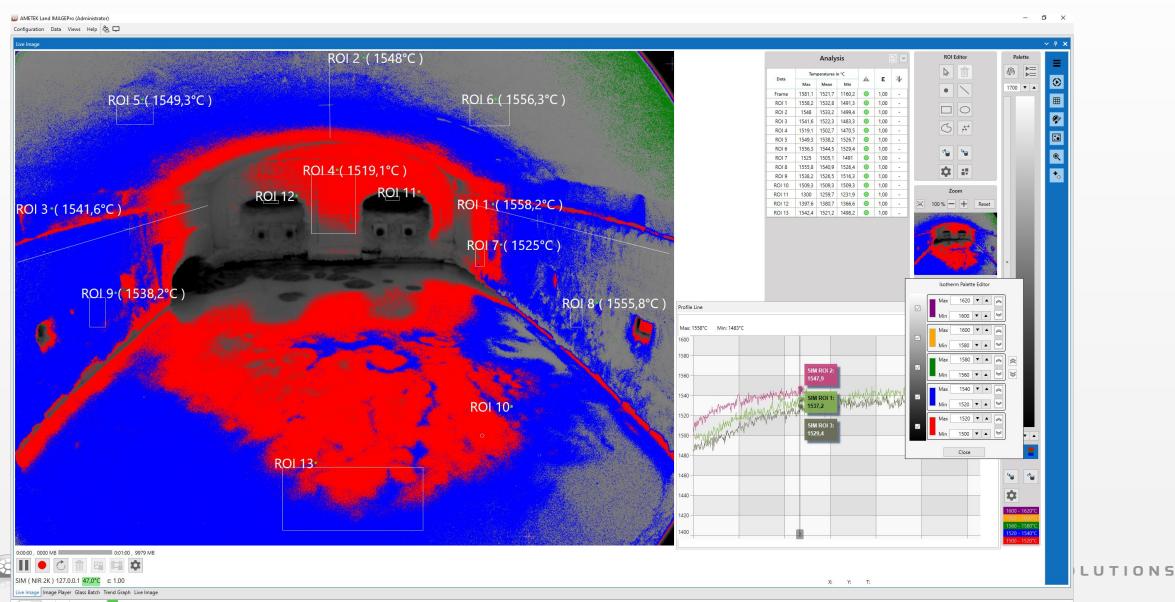






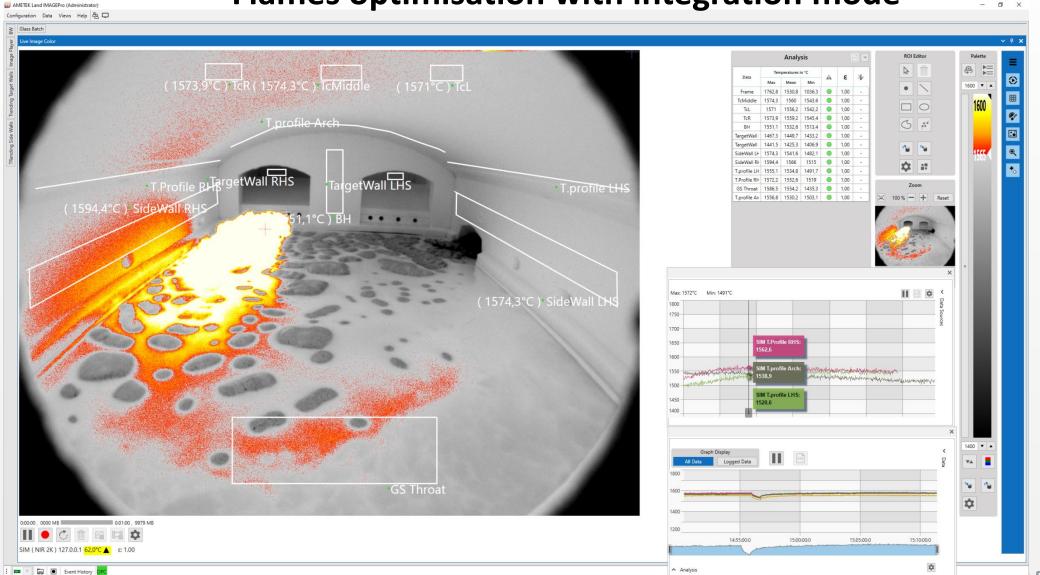


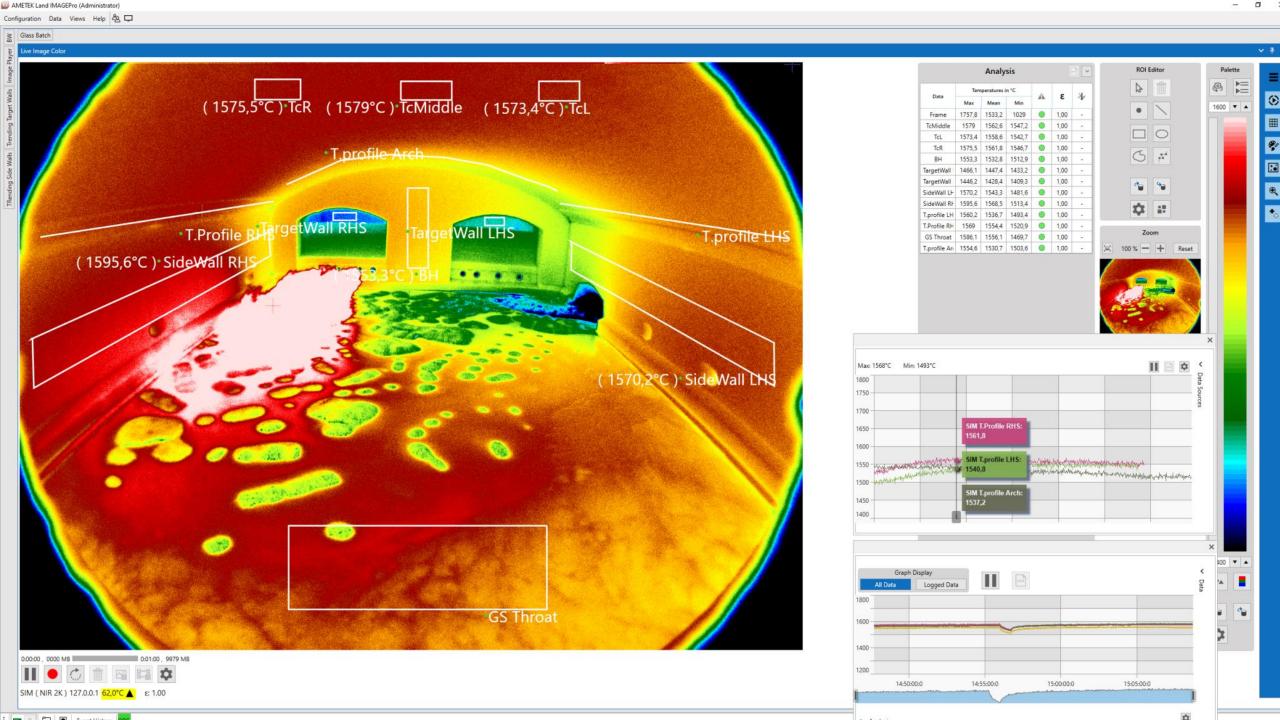
Isotherms





Flames optimisation with integration mode







Why to use NIR-B 2K on glass furnaces? Extended Benefits

- Possible Thermal Surveys with transportable NIR-B combining bundles Lancom 4 and Cyclops C100
 - Potential energy reduction with combustion optimization on every furnaces
 - Heat-up features at starting point with thermal references
 - Demonstration of recovery post repair with temporary oxy burners during repairs
 - Preventive maintenance
 - Needs to include this tool to best practices part of training sessions for optimisation
- Digitalisation with thermal distribution and bird eyes pictures
 - Potential to have data analysis for Expert System or SCADA through the furnace of the DCS (Zenon platform, Crowley Carbon or any data analysis solutions)
 - Existing communication with Expert system
 - Simple Batch control with Image pro Glass for basic analysis
 - Combustion and flames optimization for improved heat balance
- Traceability and Data for quality management
 - All furnaces images saved for future enquiries and reference points for quality controls
- Extended life of assets and improved daily furnace operations



















4 Ports Clearly visible on firing side

3 Ports Clearly visible on exhaust side. Port 2 looks hot.













Combining IMAGEPro Glass with NIR-B-2K Thermal Imaging to Improve the carbon Footprint Philippe Kerbois | AMETEK Land





End Firing Right to Left

Temperature range band reduced to improve contrast and clarity of image.







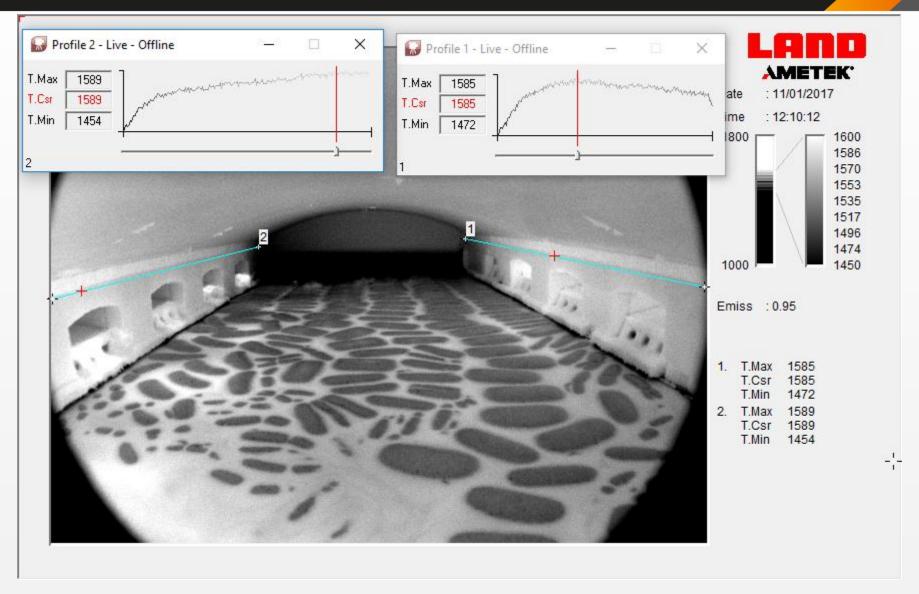






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End Firing Right to Left

Profile is clearly skewed on the exhaust side.





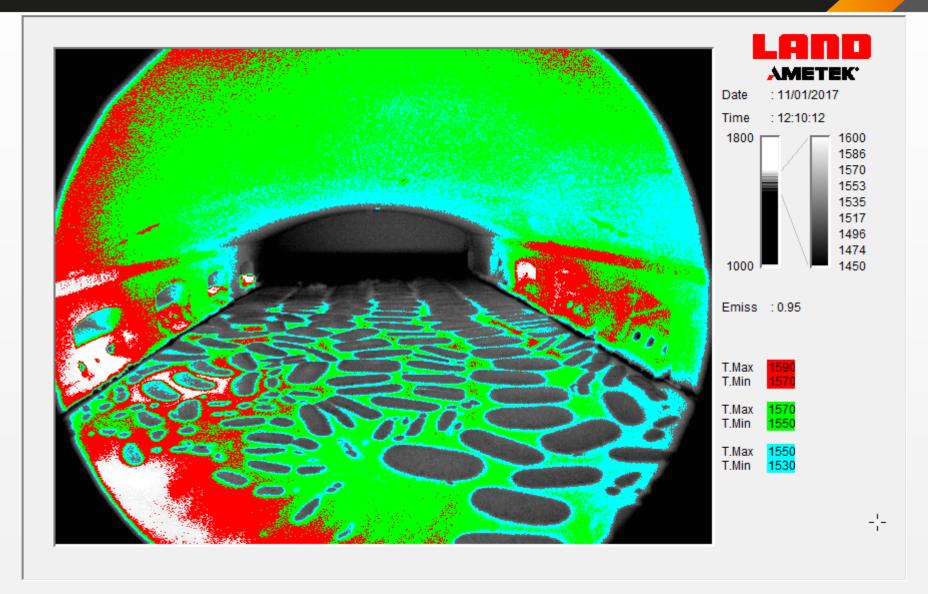












20 Degree Isotherms show the skewed profile









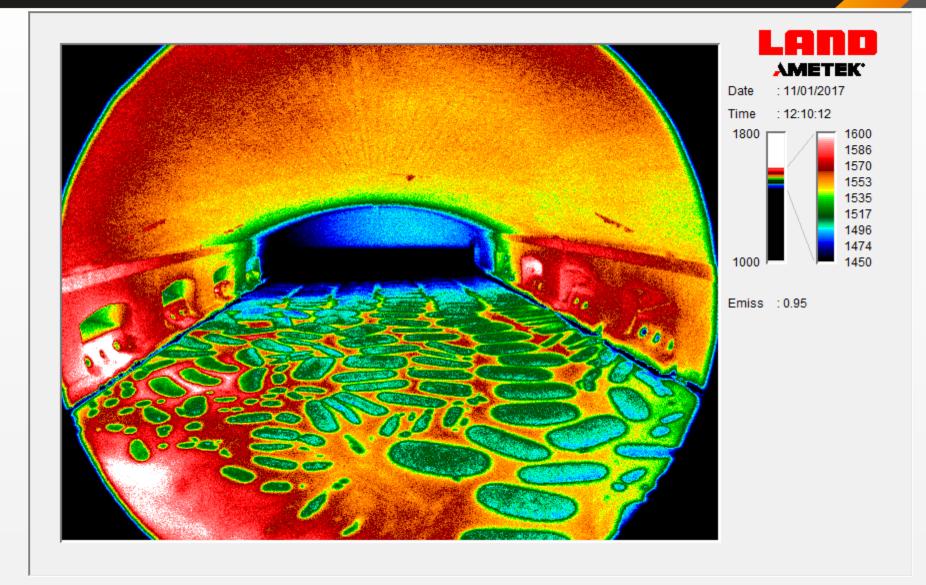












Palette 5 indicates the maximum contrast

Port 4 on Firing side is hottest but Port 2 on the exhaust side is the hottest.







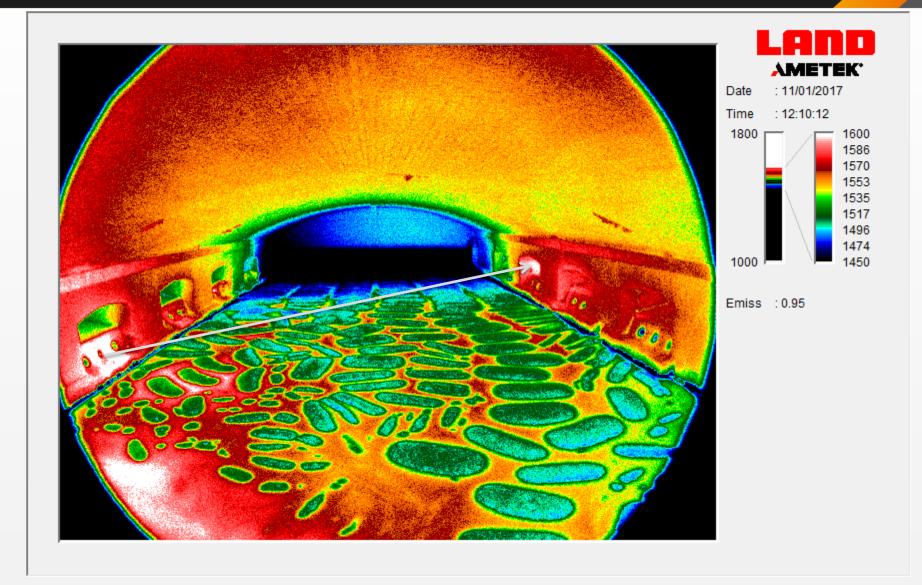












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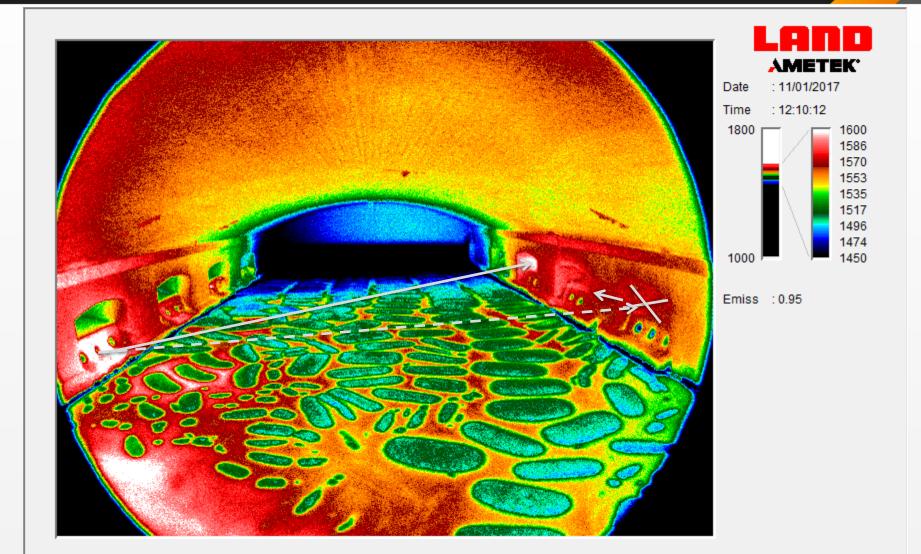












Palette 5 indicates the maximum contrast

Port 4 on Firing side is hottest but Port 2 on the exhaust side is the hottest.

The reality is that Port 4 on the LHS is partially blocked and flue gases are heading to Port 3.









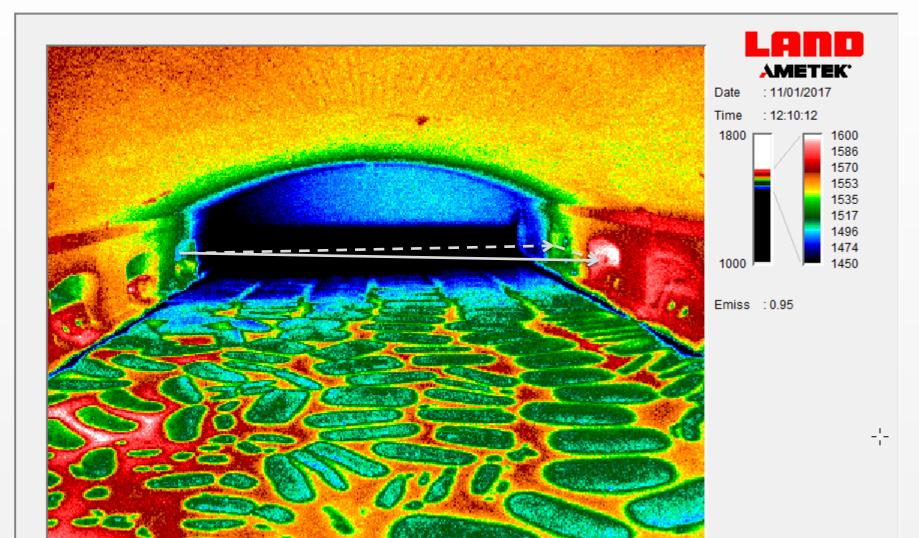












Palette 5 indicates the maximum contrast

Port 4 on Firing side is hottest but Port 2 on the exhaust side is the hottest.

The reality is that Port 4 on the LHS is partially blocked and flue gases are heading to Port 3.

The reason port 2 is the hottest s because Port 1 is also partially blocked!















Negative Image Showing Cooling (10/10/2016)

End of Firing Left to Right

End of Firing Right to Left







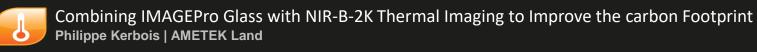






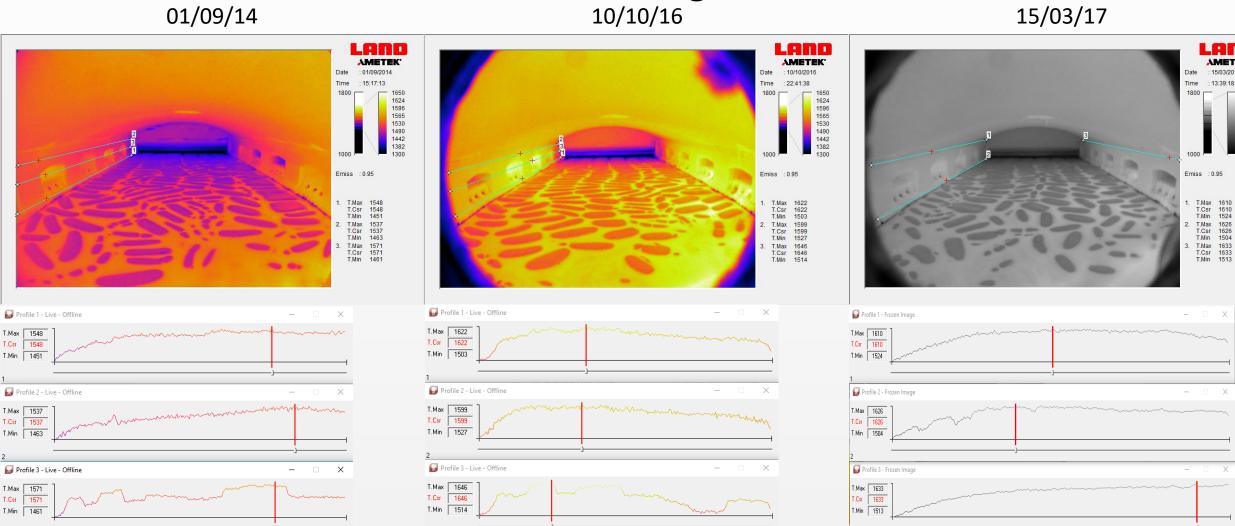


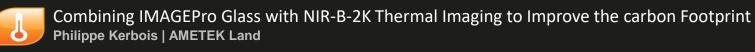






End of Firing L-R







End of Firing R-L

01/09/14

10/10/16

15/03/17

